

**MAT 126.01, Prof. Bishop, Tuesday, Oct 20, 2020**  
**Last minute review for midterm**  
**Section 2.7: Integrals, Exponentials and Logarithms**

Any last minute questions about Midterm 2?

The power law for integrals:

$$\int x^n dx = \frac{1}{n+1} x^{n+1}, n \neq -1.$$

**Definition of natural logarithm:**

$$\ln x = \int_1^x \frac{1}{t} dt.$$

Differentiation law:

$$(\ln x)' = \frac{1}{x}.$$

## Properties:

$$\ln 1 = 0$$

$$\ln(ab) = \ln a + \ln b$$

$$\ln(a/b) = \ln a - \ln b$$

$$\ln a^p = p \ln a.$$

**Definition of  $e$ :**  $e$  is the unique number so  $\ln e = 1$ .

$e^x$  is defined as the unique number  $y$  so  $\ln y = x$ .

## Properties of exponential function:

$$e^{x+y} = e^x \cdot e^y$$

$$e^{x-y} = e^x / e^y$$

$$(e^x)^p = e^{xp}.$$

## General exponential functions:

If  $a > 0$  define  $a^x = e^{x \ln a}$

Deduce  $(a^x)' = a^x \ln a$

Deduce  $\int a^x = (a^x / \ln a) + Ci$



## General logarithmic functions:

Define  $\log_a x = \ln x / \ln a$ .

∞ Deduce  $(\log_a x)' = 1/(x \ln a)$ .

Differentiate  $\ln \ln \ln x$ .

Differentiate  $\ln(x + \sqrt{1 + x^2})$

Differentiate  $x^{\sin x}$ .

Differentiate  $(\sin x)^x$  for  $0 < x < \pi$ .































