# First Midterm 

February 20, 2006

Lec 1: Saveleyev, MWF 9:35 Lec 2: Sutherland, TuTh 2:20 Lec 4: Unal, TuTh 5:20

| Question: | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Points: | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 100 |
| Score: |  |  |  |  |  |  |

There are 5 problems in this exam. The pages are printed on both sides. Make sure that you have them all.

Do all of your work in this exam booklet, and cross out any work that the grader should ignore. You may use the backs of pages, but indicate what is where if you expect someone to look at it. Books, calculators, extra papers, and discussions with friends are not permitted. Feel free to consult the Psychic Friends Network if you can do so telepathically.

Problems without full justification (ie, "work") will not receive full credit, even for correct answers.

Leave all answers in exact form (that is, do not approximate $\pi$, square roots, and so on.)

You have 90 minutes to complete this exam.

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$\qquad$ Id: $\qquad$

1. A culture of bacteria grows at a rate proportional to the number of bacteria present in the culture. At noon on January 24, there were 5 thousand bacteria. At 2 PM, there were 20 thousand present.
(a) 12 points Give a formula for $B(t)$, the number of bacteria in the culture $t$ hours after noon on January 24.
(b) 8 points When will there be 100 thousand bacteria in the culture?
$\qquad$
2. 20 points Consider the initial value problem given by

$$
y^{\prime}=2 x-y \quad y(0)=0
$$

Use Euler's method with a stepsize $h=1$ to find an approximation to $y(3)$. To receive full credit, show your intermediate steps clearly.
$\qquad$
3. Consider the second order linear differential equation

$$
y^{\prime \prime}-4 y=0
$$

(a) 10 points Write a formula for the general solution $y(t)$.
(b) 10 points Let $y(t)$ be the specific solution with $y(0)=1$ and $y^{\prime}(0)=0$. Write a formula for $y(t)$.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
4. The direction field for a differential equation is shown below.

(a) 15 points On the direction field, sketch and clearly label the three solutions with initial conditions

$$
y_{1}(0)=0.5 \quad y_{2}(0)=1 \quad y_{3}(0)=2
$$

(b) 5 points Are there any equilibrium solutions (also called stationary solutions, or constant solutions)? If there are, identify them. If not, give a reason why not.
$\qquad$
5. Write solutions to the following initial-value problems.
(a) 10 points $y^{\prime}=\frac{e^{3 x}}{y^{2}} \quad y(0)=2$
(b) 10 points $y^{\prime}=1+y^{2} \quad y(1)=0$

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